# 第6回フードファクター国際会議

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Agaro-oligosaccharides prevent high-fat diet-induced gut dysbiosis in mice with regard to the correlation between gut microbiota and bile acid profile

(アガフィトース<sub>™</sub>は高脂肪食によるマウスの腸内細菌叢や二次胆汁酸産生の悪化を 抑制する)

### Introduction:

Alterations in the composition of gut microbiota, known as dysbiosis, are increasingly recognized as a major risk factor for various diseases. Agarose is hydrolyzed to yield oligosaccharides, designated as agaro-oligosaccharides (AGOs) (Agaphytose<sup>TM</sup>). In this study, we investigated the effect of AGOs on high-fat diet (HFD)-induced gut dysbiosis in mice, particularly in correlation between microbiota and bile acid profile.

#### Methods:

Mice were fed standard diet (SD) with 4.6% of calories from fat, HFD with 32% of calories from fat for 8 weeks. AGOs was supplemented in the drinking water as a concentration of 3.0% (w/w). To analyze the fecal microbiota profiles, we performed terminal restriction fragment length polymorphism (T-RFLP) approach. The profiles of cecal organic acids and serum bile acids were determined using HPLC and LC-MS/MS systems, respectively.

### Results:

T-RFLP analyses showed that the order Lactobacillales was decreased in HFD-treated mice. However, the HFD-induced down-regulation of the order Lactobacillales was cancelled by AGOs supplementation, thereby increasing in the cecal concentration of lactic acid. Meanwhile, Clostridium subcluster XIVa was increased in HFD-treated mice, and the increase was suppressed in AGOs supplementation. The data from serum bile acid profile showed that the level of deoxycholic acid (DCA), a carcinogenic secondary bile acid produced by gut bacteria such as strains belonging to Clostridium subcluster XIVa, was increased in HFD-treated mice. The up-regulation of DCA level generated by HFD treatment was suppressed by AGOs supplementation.

Conclusion: With regard to the correlation between gut microbiota and bile acid profile, AGOs supplementation prevents HFD-induced gut dysbiosis.